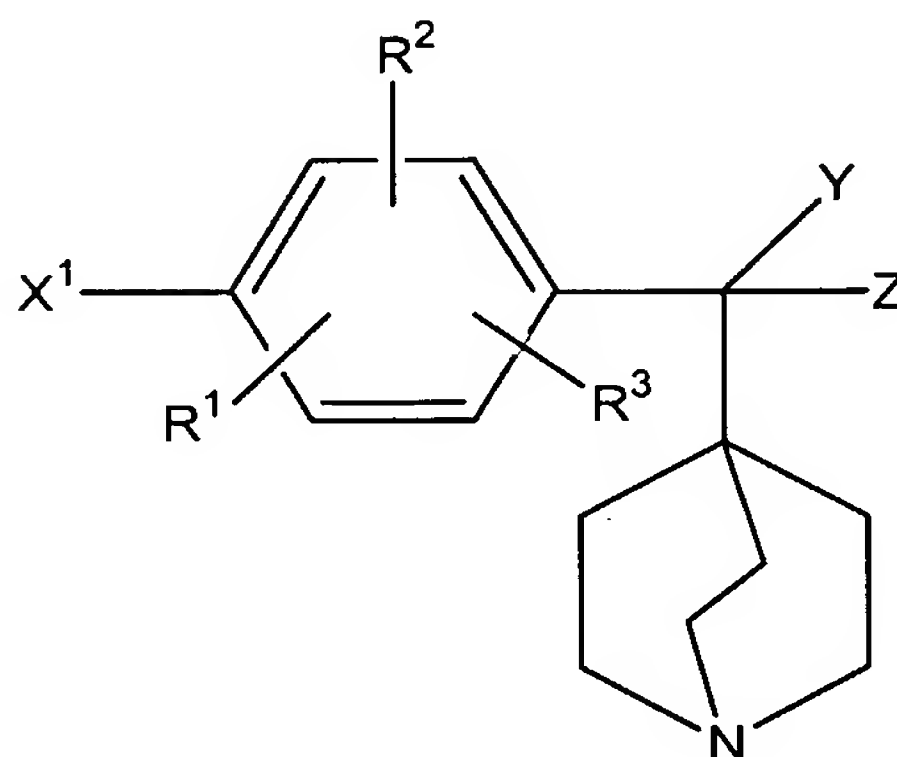


**WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:**

1. A method for treatment of a mammal threatened or afflicted by an infectious pathogen by administering to said mammal an effective amount of a quinuclidine compound of formula I:



wherein:

- a)  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$  and  $R^5$  are individually H, OH, halo, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxy, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl((C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl), (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkynyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkanoyl, halo(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, hydroxy(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl; (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylthio or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkanoyloxy; or  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  together are methylenedioxy;
- b)  $X^1$  is NO<sub>2</sub>, CN, -N=O, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkylC(O)NH-, oxazolinyl, or N( $R^6$ )( $R^7$ ) wherein,  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are individually, H, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkenyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl, ((C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl), wherein cycloalkyl optionally comprises 1-2, S, nonperoxide O or N( $R^8$ ), wherein  $R^8$  is H, O, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl, (C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)cycloalkyl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, phenyl, or benzyl; aryl, aryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, aryl(C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkenyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>)alkyl, or  $R^6$  and  $R^7$  together with the N to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic or heteroaryl ring, optionally substituted with  $R^1$  and optionally comprising 1-2, S, nonperoxide O or N( $R^5$ );
- c) Y and Z taken together are =O, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>O- or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>- wherein m is 2-4, or Y is H and Z is OR<sup>9</sup> or SR<sup>9</sup>, wherein  $R^9$  is H or (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl;
- and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

2. The method of claim 1, wherein the pathogen is a bacteria or virus.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the amount is effective to inhibit entry of the pathogen or a subunit thereof into cells of the mammal.
- 5 4. The method of claims 1-3, wherein the pathogen is a virus.
5. The method of claims 1-4, wherein the pathogen is a retrovirus.
6. The method of claims 1-5, wherein the pathogen is HIV.
- 10 7. The method of claim 3, wherein the cells are contacted *in vitro*.
8. The method of claim 3, wherein the cells are contacted *in vivo*.
- 15 9. The method of claims 1-8, wherein the compound of formula I is administered to a human.
10. The method of claim 9, wherein the human has been exposed to a virus.
- 20 11. The method of claims 9-10, wherein the human has been exposed to a retrovirus.
12. The method of claims 9-11, wherein the human is HIV-positive.
- 25 13. The method of claims 9-12, wherein the human is an AIDS patient.
14. The method of claims 1-13, wherein  $X^1$  is  $N(R^6)(R^7)$ .
15. The method of claims 1-14, wherein  $X^1$  is  $NH_2$ .
- 30 16. The method of claims 1-15, wherein 1 or 2 of  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  or  $R^3$  is H or  $(C_1-C_6)$ alkoxy, preferably  $(C_1-C_3)$ alkoxy.

17. The method of claims 1-16, wherein Y and Z together are =O.
18. The method of claims 1-16, wherein Y is OH and Z is H.
- 5 19. The method of claims 1-18, wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are H.
20. The method of claims 1-6 and 8-19, wherein the compound of formula I is administered orally.
- 10 21. The method of claims 1-6 and 8-19, wherein the compound of formula I is administered parenterally.
22. The method of claims 1-6, 8-19 and 21, wherein the compound of formula I is administered by injection, infusion, inhalation or insufflation.
- 15 23. The method of claims 1-22, wherein the compound of formula (I) is administered in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
24. The method of claim 23, wherein the carrier is a liquid, such as a  
20 solution, suspension or gel.
25. The method of claim 23, wherein the carrier is a solid.
26. The method of claims 22-25, wherein the carrier comprises zinc sulfate  
25 heptahydrate.
27. The method of claims 1-26, wherein the compound of formula I is [4-amino-phenyl)-(1-aza-bicyclo[2.2.2]oct-4-yl)methanone.
- 30 28. A composition comprising a compound of formula (I) and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

29. The composition of claim 28, wherein the composition is in a dosage form.
30. The use of a compound of formula I to prepare a medicament for treating  
5 a mammal threatened or afflicted by an infectious pathogen.
31. The use of claim 30, wherein the infectious pathogen is a virus or bacteria.
- 10 32. The use of claim 30, wherein the medicament includes a physiologically acceptable carrier.